CRETICAL TIFMS LIST

ASSY. NONENCLATURE CCTV/TTVC

ASSY. P/N 20007442GL

| NAME, QTY & DRAWINGS | | FAILURE MODE | EAR | FAJ LURE EFFECT | | CBELL | | |
|----------------------|-----------------|---|--|-----------------|---------|--------------------------|---------------------------------------|------|
| REF. DESIGNATION | FUNCTION | AND CAUSE | TIEM | INTERFACE | MISSION | AEHLCTE CKEMA | RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANCE | DATE |
| REF. DCSIGNATION | FUNCTION 2/2 | A malfunction in the camera to cause total loss of the active video signal or video inform- | END ITEM (1) (Unable to open lens iris. (2) Degrad- ation of picture content. Worst Case Loss of mission critical video. | No Video | | CREW/ YEHICLE Nane | RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANCE See Sheet 2 | DATE |
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DESIGN FEATURES

The SIVC is comprised of 20 electrical subassemblies: 13 subassemblies are Lockherd Martin Astro Space designed and Tahricated. using standard printed circuit board type. construction. The remaining six assemblies, 3 stepper motors, High Voltage Power Supply (HVPS), Intensified CCD (ICCOI, and tens assembly are vendor supplied compoments, which have been specified and purchased according to Lockheed Martin Speci-Tication Control Drawings (SCDs) prepared by Engineering and Product Assurance. Speci-Fications per the SCD are performance, test. qualification, and acceptance requirements for a procured piece of equipment. Parts. materials, processes, and design guidelines for the ITVC program are specified in accordance with Lockheed Martin 3267828. This document defines the pragram requirements.

M|L-\$10-975G will serve as the primary ELE parts selection document. If a suitable part cannot be found in MIL-\$10-975G, equivalent EEE parts that meet the fullowing criteria may be substituted.

Microcircuits are at least Class B Level, MLL-M-38510 devices. All microcircuits are subjected to Particle Impact Noise Octection (PIND) testing per NIL-SID-B83C (except for devices with plastic epoxytype package).

Diodes and transistors are at least JANYXV in accordance with MII-S-19500. All semi-conductors in cavity-type packages are subjected to PIND testing per MIL-STO-883C.

DESIGN FEATURES (Cont.)

Relays are procured to the highest military established reliability (MIL-ER) Level as defined in HIL-R-39016. Relays are subject to MIND testing.

Switches are procured to at least the second highest level of the appropriate MIL-ER-specification. Switches are subjected to either PIND testing or X-ray analysis as appropriate, for particle detection.

Other discrete parts are procured to at least the second highest level of the appropriate HIL-LR specification.

Parts not included in the above documents have been used in the design only after a non-standard parts acceptance request (NSPAR) has been prepared, submitted to Reliability Assurance Engineering and approved for use in the specific application(s) defined in the NSPAR by MASA_JSC.

Worst case circuit analyses have been performed and documented for all circuit designs to demonstrate that sufficient uperating margins exist for all operating conditions. The analysis was worst case in that the value for each of the variable parameters was set to limits that will drive the output to a maximum for min.) A component approach review and analysis was conducted to verify that the applied stress on each piece part by the temperature extremes identified with environmental qualification testing does not exceed the stress derating values identified in lockheed Martin 3267020.

DESIGN FEATURES (Cont.)

In addition, an objective examination of the design was performed through a Preliminary Design Review and Critical Design Review to verify that the TIVC met specification and contractual requirements.

DARE BOARD DESIGN

All bourds are constructed from laminated copper-clad epoxy glass sheets per-MIL-P-13949 Type GF Grade A. Circuit connections are made through printed traces which run from point to point on the board surfaces. Every trace terminates at an annular ring. The annular ring surrounds the hole in which a component lead ur terminal is located. This ring provides a footing for the solder, ensuring good mechanical and electrical performance. Its size and shape are governed by MIL-P-5564D as are trace widths, spacing and routing. These requirements are reiterated specifically in drawing notes to further assure compliance. Variations between the artwork master and the final product (due to irregularities of the etching process) are also controlled by drawing notes. This prevents making defective boards from good artwork. Holes which house no lead or terminal, but serve only to electrically interconnect the different board layers, contain stitch hars for mechanical support and increased reliability.

The through holes are drilled from a drill tape thus eliminating the possibility of buman error and allowing tight control over hule and annular ring concentricity, an important reliability criterion. After drilling and etching, all copper cladding

RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANCE. (Continued)

BARE BOARD DESIGN (Cont.)
is tin-lead plated per MIL-STO-1495. This
provides for easy and reliable soldering
at the time of board assembly, even after
perlods of prolonged storage.

BOARD ASSEMBLY DESIGN

All components are installed in a magner which assures maximum reliability. Component leads are pre-tioned, allowing total wetting of solder joints. All leads are formed to provide stress relief and the bodies of large components are staked. Special mounting and bandling instructions are included in each drawing required after final assembly. The board is coaled with wrethane which protects against humidity and contagination.

ACCEPTANCE TEST

Each assembly is individually tested to a NASA approved Acceptance Test Procedure IP-AT-20007442. The Acceptance Test Flow is detailed in attached Table I.

QUALIFICATION TEST

The Qualification unit is identical to the Ilight unit configuration in every respect and is used solely for the purpose of qualification testing. The Qual unit must successfully complete acceptance testing prior to entering qualification testing. The Qual unit has passed testing in accordance with NASA approved test plan PN-C-20007442. The Qualification Test flow is detailed in attached Table 2.

OPERALIONAL TESTS

In order to verify that CCIV components are operational, a test must verify the health of all the command related components from the PMS (A7AI) panel switch, through the RCU, through the sync lines to the Camera/PMU, to the Camera/PMU command decoder. The test must also verify the camera's ability to produce video, the VSU's ability to route video, and the monitor's ability to display video. A similar test would be performed to verify the MDM command path.

<u>Pre-Launch on Orbiter Fest/In-Flight Test</u>

- 1. Cower CCTV System.
- Via the PHS panel, select a monitur as destination and the camera under lest as source.
- Send "Camera Power On" command from the PMS panel.
- 4. Select "External Sync" on monitor.
- 5. Observe video displayed un monitor.
 Note that if video on monitor is
 synchronized (i.e., stable raster)
 then this indicates that the camera
 is receiving composite sync from
 the RCU and that the camera is producing synchronized video.
- Send Pan, Filt. Focus, Zoom, ALC, and Gamma commands and visually (either via the monitor or direct observation) verify operation.
- Select downlink as destination and camera under lest as sucre.
- B. Observe video rauted to downlink.

 9. Seed "Camera Power Off" contains via
- Send "Camera Power Off" command via PHS panel.
- Repeat Steps 3 through 9 except issue commands via the MDM command path.

DAZINSPECTION

Procurement Control - The ETVC Ett Parts and hardware items are procured from approved vendors and suppliers, which meet the requirements sel forth in the ITVC contract. Resident DPRO personnel review all procurement documents to establish the need for GSL on selected parts (PAL 517).

<u>Incoming Inspection and Storage</u> — Incoming Quality inspections are made on all received materials and parts. Acsults are recorded by lot and retained in file by drawing and control numbers for future reference and traceability. All EEE parts are subjected to incoming acceptance Lests as called for in PAP A4.14 - Incoming lusuec-Lian Test Instructions. Incoming flight parts are further processed in accordance with Lockheed Martin 3267028. Hechanical litems are inspected per PAP A4.14 - Supplier Quality Assurance, and PAP EID.B.1 - Procedure for Processing Incoming or Purchased Parts Designated for flight Use. Accepted items are delivered to Material Controlled Stores and retained under specified conditions until fabrication is required. Non-conforming materials are held for Malorial Review Board (MRB) disposition. (PAP 64.34.3

<u>Neard Assembly & Test</u> - Prior to the start of TVC board assembly, all items are verified to be correct by slock room personnel, as the bleess are accumulated to form a kit. The items are verified again by the operator who assembles the kit by checking against the as-built-parts-list (ABPL). OPRO Handatory Inspection Points are designed for all

QAZINSPECTION (Cont.)

printed circuit, plus harmess connectors for soldering wiring, crimping, solder splices and quality workmanship prior to coating of the component side of boards and sleeving of harmesses.

|QA/INSPECTION (Cont.)

11VC Boards

Specific LTVC board assembly and test instructions are provided in drawing notes. and applicable documents are called out in the Fabrication Procedure and Record (FPR-20007442) and parts list PL20007442. these include Process Standard-Donding REV-566 2200881, Process Standard - Donding Veloro Tape 2280889, Specification Soldering 2280749, Specification - Crimping 2280800. Specification - Bunding and Staking 22B0B7B, Specification - Urethane conting 2200877, Specification - Marking 2280876, Specification - Workmanship 8030035. Specification Bonding and Staking 2280875. Specification-Wave Solder 2280B21, Specification-Printed Wire Board Staking 2280051, Specification-Reflow Soldering 2200754. Specification-Soldering Surface Mount Components 20005710.

QAZINSPECTION (Cont.)

ITVC Assembly and Test

An open box test is performed per FP-I1-20007442 and an Acceptance Test per IP-AT-20007442, including vibration and thermal vacuum. Torques are specified and witnessed, traceability numbers are recorded and calibrated tools are checked prior to use. Lockheed Martin Quality and DPRO Inspections are performed at the completion of specified FPR operations in accordance with PAP-2.6.1, PAP-2.9, PAP-2.11, PAP-E6.1, and PAP-8.5. DPRO personnel witness ITVC button-up and critical torquing.

The ITVC is packaged according to NASA documents NHB6000.1C and NHB5300.41102) which defines packaging and handling requirements. All related documentation including assembly drawings, Parts List, ABPL, Test Data, etc., is gathered and held in a documentation folder assigned specifically to each assembly. This folder is retained for reference. An EIDP is prepared for each assembly in accordance with the requirements of PAP £2.3. Lockheed Martin QC and DPRO personnel witness crating, packaging, packing, and marking, and review the EIDP for completeness and accuracy.

TABLE 1. ACCEPTANCE TEST FLOW

BOOH AMBIENT PERFORMANCE YEST

Test conducted per the requirements of MASA approved TP-A1-20007442.

2. ACCEPTANCE VIBRATION EXPOSURE

20-B0 Hz: 3 dB/ogtave rise from 0.01 $\rm g^2/Hz$ Lo 0.04 $\rm g^2/Hz$ B0-350 Hz: 0.04 $\rm g^2/Hz$ 350-2000 Hz: 3 dD/octave decrease to 0.006 $\rm g^2/Hz$

Test Ouration:) minute/axis, operating

Test Level: 6.1 grms

3. POST-V18RATION_FUNCTIONAL_CHECK

Test conducted per the requirements of NASA approved IP-AT-20007442.

4. ACCEPTANCE THERMAL VACUUM EXPOSURE

1.5 cycles total from +)15 deg F to +14 deg F. After stabilization, one hour minimum duration at each plateau. In-spec functional tests performed at each plateau.

5. POST-ENVIRUNHENTAL PERFORMANCE TEST

Room ambient performance lests conducted in accordance with NASA approved FP-AF-20007442.

TABLE 2. QUALIFICATION TEST FLOW

I. LMI

Conducted tests run in accordance with the requirements of SL-E-0002B, including CS01, CSO2, CSD6, TTO1, CEO); and CEO3. Radiated tests run in accordance with 5L-E-0802H including RSO2, RSO3, and REO2 except that the test current for 8502 was 2 amps in lieu of 20 amps.

QUAL FOR ACCEPTANCE VIBRATION

20-80 Hz: 3 d0/octave increasing to 0.067 of/Hz

80-350 Hz: 0.067/octave

350-2000 Hz: 3 dB/octave decrease

Test Level: 7.8 grms

Test Duration: 5 minutes/axis operating

3. ELIGHT DUALIFICATION VIBRATION

20-10 Hz: 8 dB/oglave increasing to 0.4 g²/Hz

70-500 Hz: 0.4 g²/Hz

500-2000 Hz: 6 dB/octave decrease

Test Level: 18.1 gmgs

Test Duration: 48 minutes/axis non-operating

4. IHERNAL-VACUUM

7.5 cycles total from +120 deg F to +9 deg F. After stabilization, one hour minimum duration at each plateau. In-spec functional tests performed at each plateau.

5. HERMAL SIMULATION

Worst case hot and cold mission environments simulated in vacuum. During hot case, in-spec operation is required for 6 of 14 consecutive hours. During cold case, in-spec operation is required for 14 consecutive hours.

6. HUMIDITY

120 hours exposure to 85% RH including four 24 hour Lemperature cycles of +60 deg F to +125 deg F. non-operating.

CCTV///Limbarra